Moving Toward a Healthier Lee County

Based on the 2019 County Health Rankings, Lee County is ranked 46th out of 46 counties in South Carolina for health outcomes, which measures length and quality of life, and is ranked 43rd for health factors, which measures health behaviors, clinical care, social and economic factors, and physical environment.

Lee County Demographics

Population = 17,350 a 10.8% decrease from 2010

- non-Hispanic White: 32.7%
- non-Hispanic Black: 64.1%
- Hispanic/Latino: 2.5%

- < 18: 18%
- 18 - 64: 62%
- 65+: 20%

91.2% graduated high school in 2018
21.8% of the population had a disability
6.0% unemployment rate

Median Household Income = $31,963
Leading Causes of Death

- Heart Disease
- Cancer
- Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease

Access to Healthcare

Insurance Status Among Adults 18-64, 2017

- 14.9% Insured
- 85.1% Uninsured

- 12.5% of adults delayed medical care due to cost

- 1.7 Primary care physicians per 10,000 residents

- 6,536 avoidable emergency department visits per 100,000

- 2,144 avoidable inpatient hospitalizations per 100,000

Maternal and Infant Health

- 13.1% of infants were born prior to 37 weeks

- Infant mortality rate was 8.3 deaths per 1,000 live births

Percent of Mothers Receiving Adequate Prenatal Care, 2015-2017

- Adequate Prenatal Care: 77.1%
- Inadequate Prenatal Care: 22.9%
**Infectious Disease**

STD incidence rate of 1360.2 per 100,000 residents for chlamydia, gonorrhea, and infectious syphilis. 70% of individuals with HIV are virally suppressed.

**Chronic Disease and Risk Factors**

**488.0**

All cancer incidence rate per 100,000 residents.

10-Year Stroke Mortality Rate:
- **South Carolina**: 22.2
- **Lee**: 33.5

**38.9%**

Of Lee county adults were obese.

Smoking Status Among Adults:
- **Smoker**: 26.3%
- **Non-smoker**: 73.7%

**Maternal and Infant Health**

13.3% of babies were born at a low birthweight.

49.5% of mothers initiated breastfeeding at birth.

Teen Birth Rate (15-19 Years): 43.1 for Lee, 23.8 for South Carolina.
Injury

33.4 motor vehicle crash deaths per 100,000 residents

The 5-year injury death rate is 70.5 deaths per 100,000 residents

Behavioral Health

13.9% of adults reported binge drinking

The 5-year drug overdose death rate is 5.0 deaths per 100,000 residents

Cross-Cutting

Presence of Adverse Childhood Experiences

Percent

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Experience</th>
<th>Percent</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sexual Abuse</td>
<td>12.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emotional or Physical Abuse</td>
<td>24.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Household Dysfunction</td>
<td>41.6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Gini Value: A measure of income inequality from 0 (perfect equality) to 1 (perfect inequality)

References

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