Moving Toward a Healthier Horry County

Based on the 2019 County Health Rankings, Horry County is ranked 16th out of 46 counties in South Carolina for health outcomes, which measures length and quality of life, and is ranked 23rd for health factors, which measures health behaviors, clinical care, social and economic factors, and physical environment.

Horry County Demographics

Population = 333,268 a 19.2% increase from 2010

- non-Hispanic White: 78.5%
- non-Hispanic Black: 13.5%
- Hispanic/Latino: 6.0%

- < 18: 23%
- 18 - 64: 59%
- 65+: 18%

- 82.4% graduated high school in 2018
- 16.5% of the population had a disability
- Median Household Income = $46,475
- 5.0% unemployment rate
Leading Causes of Death

Access to Healthcare

Insurance Status Among Adults 18-64, 2017

- 79.1% Insured
- 20.9% Uninsured

19.0% of adults delayed medical care due to cost

7.9 Primary care physicians per 10,000 residents

4,970 avoidable emergency department visits per 100,000

1,228 avoidable inpatient hospitalizations per 100,000

Maternal and Infant Health

- 11.8% of infants were born prior to 37 weeks

- Infant mortality rate was 7.4 deaths per 1,000 live births

Percent of Mothers Receiving Adequate Prenatal Care, 2015-2017

- 73.1% Adequate Prenatal Care
- 26.9% Inadequate Prenatal Care
Infectious Disease

STD incidence rate of 839.3 per 100,000 residents for chlamydia, gonorrhea, and infectious syphilis. 55% of individuals with HIV are virally suppressed.

Chronic Disease and Risk Factors

457.7
All cancer incidence rate per 100,000 residents

10-Year Stroke Mortality Rate
Rate per 100,000 population

South Carolina
22.2

Horry
18.8

31.9%
Of Horry county adults were obese

Smoking Status Among Adults

79.1%
Non-smoker

20.9%
Smoker

Maternal and Infant Health

9.5% of babies were born at a low birthweight

75.8% of mothers initiated breastfeeding at birth

Teen Birth Rate (15-19 Years)
Rate per 1,000 females

Horry
24.8

South Carolina
23.8
Injury

18.9 motor vehicle crash deaths per 100,000 residents$^{14}$

The 5-year injury death rate is 92.4 deaths per 100,000 residents$^1$

Behavioral Health

15.4% of adults reported binge drinking$^7$

The 5-year drug overdose death rate is 32.3 deaths per 100,000 residents$^{14}$

Cross-Cutting

Presence of Adverse Childhood Experiences$^{15}$

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Experience</th>
<th>Percent</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sexual Abuse</td>
<td>10.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emotional or Physical Abuse</td>
<td>40.8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Household Dysfunction</td>
<td>48.8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

0.45
Gini Value: A measure of income inequality from 0 (perfect equality) to 1 (perfect inequality)$^3$

References

1. SC DHEC Vital Statistics, 2017
2. SC DE Office of Research and Data Analysis, 2018
3. US Census Bureau ACS, 5-year estimates 2013-2017
4. SC Department of Employment & Workforce, 2017
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6. SC RFA, 2017
7. SC DHEC BRFSS, 2015-2017
8. SC Office for Healthcare Workforce, South Carolina Health Professions Data Book, 2016
11. SC DHEC Division of Surveillance & Technical Support, 2017
12. SC DHEC Central Cancer Registry, 2012-2016
13. SC DHEC BRFSS, 2015-2017, age-adjusted 20+
15. SC DHEC BRFSS, 2014-2016